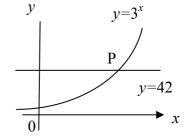
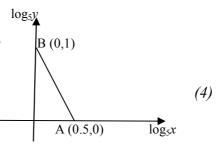
## **Exponential / Log Graphs**

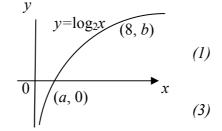
1. The diagram shows part of the graph with equation  $y = 3^x$  and the straight line with equation y = 42. These graphs intersect at P. Solve algebraically the equation  $3^x = 42$ , and hence



- Solve algebraically the equation  $3^x = 42$ , and hence write down, correct to 3 decimal places, the coordinates of P.
- 2. The graph illustrates the law  $y = kx^n$ . If the straight line passes through A(0.5, 0) and B(0, 1), find the values of k and n.



- 3. The diagram shows part of the graph of  $y = \log_2 x$ .
  - (a) State the values of a and b
  - (b) Sketch the graph of  $y = \log_2(x+1) 3$



- 4. The diagram shows part of the graph of  $y = 2^x$ .
  - (a) Sketch the graph of  $y = 2^x 8$ .
  - (b) Find the coordinates of the points where it crosses the x and y axis

