## The Chain Rule

## 1. Differentiate

(a) 
$$y = (x + 6)^3$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = (x - 1)^{4}$$

(a) 
$$y = (x + 6)^3$$
 (b)  $f(x) = (x - 1)^4$  (c)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x + 5}$ 

(d) 
$$y = \frac{2}{x - 4}$$

(e) 
$$y = \frac{1}{(x+1)^3}$$

(d) 
$$y = \frac{2}{x-4}$$
 (e)  $y = \frac{1}{(x+1)^3}$  (f)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{(x-2)^4}$ 

$$(g) y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+5}}$$

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 (h)  $f(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x-2}}$  (i)  $y = (4x + 2)^3$ 

(i) 
$$y = (4x + 2)^3$$

(j) 
$$f(x) = (2x - 1)^{2}$$

(k) 
$$y = \frac{1}{(3x - 4)^2}$$

(j) 
$$f(x) = (2x - 1)^4$$
 (k)  $y = \frac{1}{(3x - 4)^2}$  (l)  $y = \frac{2}{(2x - 4)^3}$ 

(m) 
$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4x - 3}}$$

(n) 
$$y = \frac{6}{\sqrt{2x + 5}}$$

(m) 
$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4x - 3}}$$
 (n)  $y = \frac{6}{\sqrt{2x + 5}}$  (o)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{\sqrt[3]{6x + 5}}$ 

(p) 
$$y = \frac{10}{\sqrt[5]{(3x-2)^2}}$$
 (q)  $f(x) = (x^2 + 3)^3$  (r)  $y = 2(x^4 - 1)^3$ 

(q) 
$$f(x) = (x^2 + 3)^2$$

(r) 
$$y = 2(x^4 - 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- 2. Find the equation of the tangent to the curve  $y = (2x 1)^3$  at the point where x = 1.
- 3. Find the equation of the tangent to the curve  $f(x) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3x+1}}$  at the point where x = 1.
- 4. A tangent to the curve  $y = \frac{1}{(2x-5)^3}$  has gradient -6. Find the point of contact.
- 5. A curve has equation  $y = \frac{-25}{x+3}$ . A tangent to this curve is parallel to the line y = x. Find the points of contact.
- 6. Find the coordinates of the stationary point of  $y = (3x 6)^3$  and determine its nature.
- 7. A curve has equation  $f(x) = (2x^2 8)^2$ . Find the coordinates of the stationary points of f(x) and determine their nature.