## **Recurrence Relations**

1. Given the recurrence relation  $u_{n+1} = 0.8u_n + 6$ ,  $u_0 = 19$ 

(a) State why the sequence generated by it has a limit.

(b) Calculate the value of this limit.

2. A sequence is defined by the recurrence relation  $u_{n+1} = 0.4u_n + 8$ .

(a) Explain why this sequence has a limit as n tends to infinity.

(b) Find the exact value of this limit.

3. Two sequences are defined by these recurrence relations

 $u_{n+1} = 3u_n - 0.6$  with  $u_o = 1$   $v_{n+1} = 0.3v_n + 5$  with  $v_o = 1$ 

- (a) Explain why only one of these sequences approaches a limit as  $n \rightarrow \infty$
- (b) Find algebraically the exact value of this limit.
- 4. A sequence is defined by the recurrence relation  $u_n = 0.9u_{n-1} + 2$ ,  $u_1 = 3$ 
  - (a) Calculate the value of  $u_2$  and  $u_3$
  - (b) What is the smallest value of n for which  $u_n > 8$
  - (c) Find the limit of this sequence as  $n \to \infty$
- 5. A sequence is defined by the recurrence relation  $V_n = 0.7V_{n-1} + 3$ ,  $V_1 = 6$ 
  - (a) Calculate the value of  $V_2$
  - (b) What is the smallest value of n for which  $V_n > 8.5$
  - (c) Find the limit of this sequence as  $n \rightarrow \infty$
- 6. Two sequences are defined by the recurrence relations

 $u_{n+1} = 0.3u_n + p$   $v_{n+1} = 0.9v_n + q$ 

If both sequences have the same limit, express p in terms of q.

7. Two sequences are defined by the recurrence relations

 $u_{n+1} = au_n + 6$   $v_{n+1} = a^2v_n + 10$ 

If both sequences approach the same limit as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ , calculate a and hence evaluate this limit.

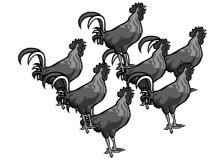
- 8. For the recurrence relation  $u_{n+1} = au_n + b$ , it is known that  $u_0 = 6$ ,  $u_1 = 12$ and  $u_2 = 21$ .
  - (a) Find the values of a and b.
  - (b) Hence find the value of  $u_3$ .

9. For the recurrence relation

 $u_{n+1} = mu_n + c$ 

 $u_2 = 20$ ,  $u_3 = 16$  and  $u_4 = 14$ 

- (a) Find the values of m and c.
- (b) Hence find the value of u<sub>o</sub>
- (c) Find the limit of the sequence.
- 10. The first three terms of the recurrence relation  $u_{n+1} = pu_n + q$  are 14,12 and 10 respectively. Find the values of p and q.
- 11. The terms of a sequence satisfy the relation  $u_{n+1} = ku_n + 6$ . Find the value of k which produces a limit of 9.
- 12. A recurrence relation is defined as  $u_{n+1} = tu_n + 8$ . Find the value of t which produces a limit of 12.
- 13. A sequence satisfies the relation  $u_{n+1} = mu_n + 3$ ,  $u_0 = 2$ .
  - a. Express  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  in terms of m.
  - b. Given that  $u_2 = 5$ , find the value of m that produces a sequence with a limit.
- 14. A sequence satisfies the relation  $v_{n+1} = pv_n + 4$ ,  $v_0 = 3$ .
  - a. Express  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  in terms of p.
  - b. Given that  $v_2 = 8$ , find the value of p that produces a sequence with no limit.
- 15. A farmer has 160 hens. Foxes attack the hens and kill 30% of the remaining hens each month.At the end of each month the farmer buys 30 new hens to replenish his stock.
  - (a) Set up a recurrence relation to show the number of hens present at the start of each month, just after he restocks his farm.
  - (b) find the limit of this sequence and use this to explain what happens in the long run to his initial stock of 160 hens.



- 16. A patient is injected with 80 ml of an antibiotic drug. Every 4 hours 40% of the drug passes out of her bloodstream. To compensate for this an extra 15ml of antibiotic is given every 4 hours.
  - (a) Find a recurrence relation for the amount of drug in the patient's bloodstream.
  - (b) Calculate the amount of antibiotic remaining in the bloodstream after one day.

- 17. A game reserve in Kenya has a population of 4000 antelope. Due to poaching and other factors 20% of the antelope are killed each year. On average, in the same period, 650 baby antelope are born in the reserve
  - (a) Set up a recurrence relation to describe this situation.
  - (b) What will happen in the long term to the number of antelope in the reserve?
- 18. A lake next to a chemical factory is found to contain an estimated 20 tonnes of pollutant. Through filtration, the factory are able to remove 85% of the pollutant annually but an extra 2 tonnes is also released into the lake over the same period.
  - (a) Find a recurrence relation to describe this situation.
  - (b) Health inspectors inform the factory that a level of 2.5 tonnes of pollutant or less in the lake would be acceptable.In the long run, will the factory attain an acceptable level of pollutant in the lake?
- 19. A man plants a hedge round the outside of his lawn. The hedge is estimated to grow at a rate of 1.2 metres per year. He decides to trim the hedge in December each year by 40% of its height.
  - (a) To what height will the hedge grow in the long run?
  - (b) He wants the hedge to grow to a height of no more than 2 metres. What is the minimum percentage he must trim the hedge to ensure that this happens?
- 20. Once a month the cleansing department in a Scottish city remove chewing gum from city streets. The cleaning operation removes 40 % of the gum present. Each month the public drop 10 kg of gum on the streets.
  - (a) In the long run what will happen to the mass of chewing gum on the streets?
  - (b) The council initiate a poster campaign to encourage the public not to drop chewing gum. They estimate that this campaign should cut the amount of gum dropped to 6 kg per month.

How will this affect the chewing gum problem in the long run?



